

<> Question:

$$\begin{array}{l} | x + 1/x = 5 \\ | \\ | x^5 + 1/x^5 = ? \end{array}$$

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<> Réponse (ma réponse) avec calcul d'un discriminant:

- 01 • $x + x/1 = 5$
- 02 • $\Rightarrow x(x + 1/x) = 5x$
- 03 • $\Rightarrow x^2 + x/x = 5x$
- 04 • $\Rightarrow x^2 + 1 = 5x$
- 05 • $\Rightarrow x^2 - 5x + 1 = 0$
- 06 • discriminant: $\Delta = b^2 - 4ac = (-5)^2 - (4*1*1) = 25 - 4 = 21$
- 07 • $\Delta > 0 \Rightarrow 2$ racines:

- racine #1: $x = [-b + \sqrt{\Delta}]/2 = [5 + \sqrt{21}]/2 = 4,791287$
- racine #2: $x = [-b - \sqrt{\Delta}]/2 = [5 - \sqrt{21}]/2 = 0,208712$

- 08 • $x = 4,791287 \Rightarrow x^5 + 1/x^5 = 4,791287^5 + 1/4,791287^5 = 2524,99 = \begin{array}{l} +-----+ \\ | 2525 | \end{array}$
- 09 • $x = 0,208712 \Rightarrow x^5 + 1/x^5 = 0,208712^5 + 1/0,208712^5 = 2525,00 = \begin{array}{l} +-----+ \\ | 2525 | \end{array}$

10 • réponse finale:

$$\begin{array}{l} | x + 1/x = 5 \\ | +-----+ \\ | x^5 + 1/x^5 = | 2525 | \end{array}$$

12 • $\Rightarrow 1 = -2,5^2 - d^2$

13 • $\Rightarrow d^2 = -2,5^2 - 1$

14 • $\Rightarrow d^2 = 6,25 - 1$

15 • $\Rightarrow d = \text{sqrt}(5,25) = 2,291287$

16 • sachant que $\ll u = S/2 + d \gg$ alors $u = -2,5 + 2,291287 = \begin{array}{|c} +-----+ \\ -0,208713 \\ +-----+ \end{array}$

17 • sachant que $\ll v = S/2 - d \gg$ alors $v = -2,5 - 2,291287 = \begin{array}{|c} +-----+ \\ -4,791287 \\ +-----+ \end{array}$

18 • vérification:

$\gg P = u * v \Rightarrow P = -0,208713 * -4,791287 = 1$

$\gg S = u + v \Rightarrow S = -0,208713 + -4,791287 = -5$

19 • $\Rightarrow \ll x^2 - 5x + 1 = 0 \gg$ est équivalent à $\ll x^2 - 0,208713x - 4,791287x + 1 = 0 \gg$

20 • puis à: $(x^2 - 0,208713x) - (4,791287x - 1) = 0$

21 • puis à: $x(x - 0,208713) - 4,791287(x - 0,208713) = 0$

22 • puis à: $(x - 0,208713)(x - 4,791287) = 0$

23 • \Rightarrow les 2 racines de $\ll x^2 - 5x + 1 = 0 \gg$ sont $\begin{array}{l} +----> x - 0,208713 = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{array}{|c} +-----+ \\ x = 0,208713 \\ +-----+ \end{array} \\ +----> x - 4,791287 = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{array}{|c} +-----+ \\ x = 4,791287 \\ +-----+ \end{array} \end{array}$

24 • $x = 4,791287 \Rightarrow x^5 + 1/x^5 = 4,791287^5 + 1/4,791287^5 = 2524,99 = \begin{array}{|c} +-----+ \\ 2525 \\ +-----+ \end{array}$

25 • $x = 0,208713 \Rightarrow x^5 + 1/x^5 = 0,208713^5 + 1/0,208713^5 = 2524,94 = \begin{array}{|c} +-----+ \\ 2525 \\ +-----+ \end{array}$

26 • réponse finale:

$$\begin{array}{|c} x + 1/x = 5 \\ x^5 + 1/x^5 = \begin{array}{|c} +-----+ \\ 2525 \\ +-----+ \end{array} \end{array}$$

16 • comme $\ll 3a^2b + 3ab^2 \gg$ peut s'écrire $\ll 3ab(a + b) \gg \dots$

... alors $\ll (a + b)^3 = a^3 + 3a^2b + 3ab^2 + b^3 \gg$ devient:

17 • $(a + b)^3 = a^3 + b^3 + 3ab(a + b)$

18 • $\Rightarrow (a + b)^3 - 3ab(a + b) = a^3 + b^3$

19 • $\Rightarrow a^3 + b^3 = (a + b)^3 - 3ab(a + b)$

20 • si $a = x$ et $b = 1/x$ alors $\ll a^3 + b^3 = (a + b)^3 - 3ab(a + b) \gg$ devient:

21 • $x^3 + 1/x^3 = (x + 1/x)^3 - 3(x + 1/x)$

22 • comme $\ll x + 1/x = 5 \gg$ alors $\ll x^3 + 1/x^3 = (x + 1/x)^3 - 3(x + 1/x) \gg$ devient:

23 • $x^3 + 1/x^3 = 5^3 - 3*5$

24 • $\Rightarrow x^3 + 1/x^3 = 125 - 15$

25 • $\Rightarrow \begin{array}{c} +-----+ \\ | x^3 + 1/x^3 = 110 | \\ +-----+ \end{array}$

26 • récapitulatif:

27 • on sait que: $x^2 + 1/x^2 = 23$ (voir à l'étape #13)

28 • on sait que: $x^3 + 1/x^3 = 110$

30 • $\ll \gg \ll \gg \ll \gg$ ÉTAPE #3 $\ll \gg \ll \gg \ll \gg$

31 • rappel: $(a^2 + b^2)(a^3 + b^3) = a^5 + a^2b^3 + a^3b^2 + b^5$

32 • comme $\ll a^2b^3 + a^3b^2 \gg$ peut s'écrire $\ll a^2b^2(a + b) \gg$ ou $\ll (ab)^2(a + b) \gg \dots$

... alors $\ll (a^2 + b^2)(a^3 + b^3) = a^5 + a^2b^3 + a^3b^2 + b^5 \gg$ devient:

33 • $(a^2 + b^2)(a^3 + b^3) = a^5 + b^5 + (ab)^2(a + b)$

34 • $\Rightarrow (a^2 + b^2)(a^3 + b^3) - (ab)^2(a + b) = a^5 + b^5$

35 • $\Rightarrow a^5 + b^5 = (a^2 + b^2)(a^3 + b^3) - (ab)^2(a + b)$

36 • si $a = x$ et $b = 1/x$ alors $\ll a^5 + b^5 = (a^2 + b^2)(a^3 + b^3) - (ab)^2(a + b) \gg$ devient:

37 • $x^5 + 1/x^5 = (x^2 + 1/x^2)(x^3 + 1/x^3) - (x + 1/x)$

38 • comme $\ll x + 1/x = 5 \gg$ et $\ll x^2 + 1/x^2 = 23 \gg$ et $\ll x^3 + 1/x^3 = 110 \gg \dots$

39 • alors $\ll x^5 + 1/x^5 = (x^2 + 1/x^2)(x^3 + 1/x^3) - (x + 1/x) \gg$ devient:

40 • $x^5 + 1/x^5 = 23 * 110 - 5 = 2525$

41 • réponse finale:

$$\begin{array}{l} | x + 1/x = 5 \\ | \\ | x^5 + 1/x^5 = | 2525 | \\ | \\ +-----+ \end{array}$$

<> FIN

(*) <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6auh7Sh1AL0>